Forward Looking Statements

This filing contains statements which, to the extent they are not recitations of historical fact, constitute "forward looking statements" under federal securities laws. All such statements are intended to be subject to the safe harbor protection provided by applicable securities laws. For discussions identifying some important factors that could cause actual VSE Corporation ("VSE" or the "Company") results to differ materially from those anticipated in the forward looking statements contained in this filing, see VSE's "Narrative Description of Business", "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements" contained in VSE's Annual Report and Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003 (Form 10-K) filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these forward looking statements, which reflect management's analysis only as of the date hereof. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly revise these forward looking statements to reflect events or circumstances that arise after the date hereof. Readers should carefully review the risk factors described in other documents the Company files from time to time with the Securities and Exchange Commission.
PART I. Financial Information

Item 1. Financial Statements

VSE Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table</th>
<th>Consoliated Balance Sheets</th>
<th>(in thousands except share and per share amounts)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>June 30, December 31,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>2004</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>----</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(Unaudited)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>&lt;S&gt;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$ 6,975</td>
<td>$ 9,843</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts receivable, principally U.S. Government, net</td>
<td>37,975</td>
<td>21,835</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax assets</td>
<td>1,154</td>
<td>819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other current assets</td>
<td>1,139</td>
<td>1,379</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total current assets</td>
<td>47,243</td>
<td>33,876</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property and equipment, net</td>
<td>4,226</td>
<td>3,038</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax assets</td>
<td>196</td>
<td>297</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intangible assets, net</td>
<td>1,054</td>
<td>1,054</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other assets</td>
<td>2,593</td>
<td>2,511</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total assets</td>
<td>$ 55,312</td>
<td>$ 40,776</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liabilities and Stockholders' Investment</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current liabilities:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable</td>
<td>$ 27,607</td>
<td>$ 14,634</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued expenses</td>
<td>5,796</td>
<td>5,760</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends payable</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>88</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total current liabilities</td>
<td>33,514</td>
<td>20,482</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred compensation</td>
<td>1,238</td>
<td>1,236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total liabilities</td>
<td>34,752</td>
<td>21,718</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Commitments and contingencies</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stockholders' investment:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Common stock, par value $.05 per share, authorized 5,000,000 shares; issued 2,225,011 in 2004 and 2,214,136 shares in 2003</td>
<td>111</td>
<td>110</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paid-in surplus</td>
<td>4,060</td>
<td>3,928</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred stock-based compensation</td>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>(17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retained earnings</td>
<td>16,399</td>
<td>15,037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total stockholders' investment</td>
<td>20,560</td>
<td>19,058</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Total liabilities and stockholders' investment  $ 55,312  $ 40,776

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

VSE Corporation and Subsidiaries
Consolidated Financial Statements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>For the three months ended June 30, 2004</th>
<th>For the six months ended June 30, 2004</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Revenues, principally from contracts</td>
<td>$ 54,042</td>
<td>$ 55,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Costs and expenses of contracts</td>
<td>$ 52,431</td>
<td>$ 54,373</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross profit.</td>
<td>$ 1,611</td>
<td>$ 1,457</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Selling, general and administrative expenses</td>
<td>$ 245</td>
<td>$ 90</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest income, net.</td>
<td>($26)</td>
<td>($31)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income before income taxes.</td>
<td>$ 1,392</td>
<td>$ 1,398</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for income taxes.</td>
<td>$ 538</td>
<td>$ 530</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income.</td>
<td>$ 854</td>
<td>$ 868</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Basic earnings per share:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>For the three months ended June 30, 2004</th>
<th>For the six months ended June 30, 2004</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basic weighted average shares outstanding</td>
<td>2,221,559</td>
<td>2,218,887</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Diluted earnings per share:
|                                            | $ 0.38 $ 0.20 $ 0.70 $ 0.40              |
| Diluted weighted average shares outstanding    | 2,305,911                                 | 2,296,262                              |
|                                            | $ 0.37 $ 0.20 $ 0.68 $ 0.39              |
### Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Investment (Unaudited)

(in thousands except per share data)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Deferred Shares</th>
<th>Common Stock Amount</th>
<th>Paid-In Surplus</th>
<th>Stock-based Compensation</th>
<th>Retained Earnings</th>
<th>Stockholders' Investment</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance at</strong></td>
<td><strong>December 31, 2003</strong></td>
<td>2,214</td>
<td>$ 110</td>
<td>$ 3,928</td>
<td>$(17)</td>
<td>$15,037</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income for the period</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,562</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Exercised stock options</strong></td>
<td>11</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>91</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>92</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Tax benefit of options exercised</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Deferred stock-based compensation amortization</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dividends declared ($.09)</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>(200)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Balance at</strong></td>
<td><strong>June 30, 2004</strong></td>
<td>2,225</td>
<td>$ 111</td>
<td>$ 4,060</td>
<td>$(10)</td>
<td>$16,399</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.
Net income . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .  $1,562  $ 868

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:
Depreciation and amortization . . . . . . . . . . . .  569  557
Loss on sale of property and equipment . . . . . . .  -  5
Deferred taxes . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . (234)  99
Tax benefit of options exercised . . . . . . . . . . . .  39  2
Amortization of deferred stock-based compensation .  9

Change in operating assets and liabilities:
(Increase) decrease in:
Accounts receivable . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . (16,140)  2,520
Other current assets and noncurrent assets . . . . . .  158 (571)
Increase (decrease) in:
Accounts payable and deferred compensation . . .  12,975  931
Accrued expenses . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .  36 (586)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities  (1,026)  3,825

Cash flows from investing activities:
Purchase of property and equipment . . . . . . . . . . (1,757) (382)
Net cash used in investing activities (1,757) (382)

Cash flows from financing activities:
Dividends paid . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . (177) (174)
Proceeds from issuance of common stock . . . . . . . .  92  30
Net cash used in financing activities (85) (144)

Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents . . (2,868)  3,299
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period . . .  9,843  4,210
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period . . . . . . .  $ 6,975  $ 7,509

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

-6-

VSE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for interim financial information and the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2004 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2004. For further information refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the VSE Corporation Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2003. The Company operates within one reportable
Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates affecting the financial statements include the allowance for doubtful accounts and accruals for loss contracts, contract disallowance and self insured health claims.

Debt

VSE has a revolving loan agreement with a bank under which the Company can borrow up to $15 million, subject to certain conditions, including a borrowing formula based on billed receivables. Under the loan agreement, the Company pays a fixed annual commitment fee and interest on any borrowings at a prime-based rate or an optional LIBOR-based rate. The expiration date of the revolving loan is May 31, 2005. The loan agreement contains collateral requirements by which Company assets secure amounts outstanding, restrictive covenants that include minimum tangible net worth and profitability requirements, a limit on annual dividends, and other affirmative and negative covenants. There were no amounts borrowed under this loan agreement as of June 30, 2004 or December 31, 2003. There was no interest expense incurred on this loan in 2004 and 2003.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

The Company accounts for stock-based employee compensation using the intrinsic value method prescribed in APB Opinion No. 25 and related interpretations. If compensation costs for the Company's stock options had been determined based on SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation," the Company's net income and earnings per share would have been as follows (in thousands, except per share amounts):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Three Months Ended June 30,</th>
<th>Six Months Ended June 30,</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2004</td>
<td>2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income, as reported</td>
<td>854</td>
<td>436</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add: Total stock-based employee compensation expense as reported under intrinsic value method (APB No. 25) for all awards, net of related tax effects</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>--</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deduct: Total stock-based compensation expense determined under fair value based method (SFAS No. 123) for all awards, net of related tax effects</td>
<td>(19)</td>
<td>(17)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pro forma net income</td>
<td>$ 837 $ 419 $1,529 $ 827</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Earnings per share:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Basic as reported</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>$ 0.38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>$ 0.20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>$ 0.70</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2003</td>
<td>$ 0.40</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share have been computed by dividing net income by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during each period. Shares issued during the period and shares reacquired during the period are weighted for the portion of the period that they were outstanding. Diluted earnings per share have been computed in a manner consistent with that of basic earnings per share while giving effect to all potentially dilutive common shares that were outstanding during each period. Potentially dilutive common shares include incremental common shares issuable upon exercise of stock options.

### Three Months Ended June 30, 2004 and 2003

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2003</th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2003</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Basic weighted average common shares outstanding</td>
<td>2,221,559</td>
<td>2,188,635</td>
<td>2,218,887</td>
<td>2,187,841</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted effect of options</td>
<td>84,352</td>
<td>31,698</td>
<td>77,375</td>
<td>34,735</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted weighted average common shares outstanding</td>
<td>2,305,911</td>
<td>2,220,333</td>
<td>2,296,262</td>
<td>2,222,576</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Litigation

The Company and its subsidiaries have, in the normal course of business, claims against them. In the opinion of management, the resolution of any such claims will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position.

ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Executive Overview

VSE Organization

The term "VSE" or "Company" refers to VSE and its subsidiaries and divisions unless the context indicates operations of the parent company only. VSE's business operations consist primarily of services performed by the Company's wholly owned subsidiaries and unincorporated divisions. Energetics Incorporated ("Energetics") is currently VSE's only active subsidiary. VSE's Human Resource
Systems, Inc. ("HRSI") subsidiary was active in 2003, but not in 2004. The sole HRSI contract expired on May 31, 2003, and this work was continued on a new contract in a VSE division. Active divisions include BAV Division ("BAV"), Coast Guard Division ("VCG"), Communications and Engineering Division ("CED") beginning in February 2003, Fleet Maintenance Division ("FMD"), Management Sciences Division ("MSD"), Systems Engineering Division ("SED"), and Value Systems Services Division ("VSS"). In February 2003, VSE began phasing out the operations of its Telecommunications Technologies Division ("TTD") and expects all TTD contractual obligations will be satisfied and operations will cease in 2004. Some of TTD's technical capabilities have been transferred to other VSE divisions.

The Company uses multiple operating divisions to bid on and perform contract work. The use of these divisions enables the Company to use an operating structure that is flexible and well-suited to perform certain types of contract work. The Company anticipates that it will continue using its operating divisions to bid and perform new contract work to serve the needs of customers. Management believes that this strategy best positions the consolidated entity for future revenue growth.

VSE Services

The Company is engaged principally in providing engineering, design, logistics, management and technical services to the U.S. Government (the "government"), other government prime contractors, and commercial entities. The largest customer for the services rendered by the Company is the U.S. Department of Defense ("Defense"), including agencies of the U.S. Army, Navy, and Air Force. BAV is a major provider of logistics, training, and technical assistance in support of the Navy's ship transfer program. VCG provides similar services to the U.S. Coast Guard. FMD supports the Navy by providing a variety of services including ship installation efforts, combat systems inspections, ship repair and overhaul availability planning, harpoon weapons management, ordnance alteration, and air combat logistics. VSS provides the Navy with outsourcing decision assistance. SED provides the Army with equipment refurbishment services, engineering and technical support for ground weapons, logistics and training services, material procurement support, and prototype development support for combat vehicles. MSD provides the Army, other government agencies, and commercial organizations with quality training services for product, process, and management optimization. CED provides management oversight and coordinates support efforts for a variety of government work orders.

Business Terminations and New Business Start-ups

In February 2003, VSE decided to terminate operations of TTD due to declining revenues and significant losses sustained by this division. TTD continued work on uncompleted contracts during 2003 to satisfy its contractual obligations and will finish work in 2004 before ceasing operations, at which time, TTD will be accounted for as a discontinued operation. Some of TTD's technical capabilities were transferred to other VSE divisions. The loss of future revenue associated with the termination of TTD operations is not expected to be significant compared to total future VSE revenue, while the elimination of TTD losses is expected to improve future VSE profits.

In January 2003, VSE formed its Communications and Engineering Division (CED) upon the award of a multi-year Rapid Response support contract by the U.S. Army Communications-Electronics Command (CECOM). If all options are exercised, this contract has a potential total ceiling of $2.9 billion over an eight-year period. The contract is a multiple award, indefinite delivery, indefinite quantity contract, and VSE revenues from it are expected to be considerably less than the contract ceiling amount. While actual revenue estimates for VSE from
this contract cannot be predicted, this contract has generated revenue in 2004 and 2003 and VSE expects it to contribute to future revenue growth.

Management Outlook

VSE believes that its short term outlook, based on expected revenue growth under existing contracts, is more positive than in recent years. The Taiwan ship transfer work on the BAV contract (see "BAV Contract" below) is expected to contribute significantly to near term revenue growth. Revenues are also growing in several of VSE's other divisions. VSE's company wide funded backlog at June 30, 2004, was approximately $150 million, as compared to approximately $83 million at December 31, 2003. Profit contributions in most of VSE's divisions have increased in recent quarters and are expected to improve further as the Company's revenue base grows. This positive short-term trend is tempered by two areas of concern to management. The CED Rapid Response Support contract incurred pretax losses of approximately $963 thousand in 2003, its first year of operation, and an additional $374 thousand during the first six months of 2004, due primarily to low revenue levels and an aggressive pricing strategy associated with the start-up of the contract. Profitability on this contract is expected to improve as revenue levels continue to increase for both this contract and on a company-wide basis and as less aggressive pricing strategies are required, however, the contract may continue to incur some losses in 2004. VSE has accrued liabilities of approximately $232 thousand for probable future losses associated with this contract's operations as of June 30, 2004. The second concern involves the

utilization of the Company's primary office facility. VSE does not always occupy all of the space in its primary leased office facility and has from time to time subleased parts of this facility to other tenants. During 2003, some of the Company's larger subtenants did not renew their subleases with VSE, which has resulted in some losses to the Company during the time that the space has been vacant. VSE has subleased some of the vacant office space to new tenants in 2004 and believes that the majority of the available space will be subleased by the end of 2004, but the facility remains underutilized as of June 30, 2004. VSE has accrued liabilities of approximately $74 thousand for estimated future losses associated with this underutilization. The potential exists for continued underutilization of the facility that could have a further negative impact on earnings in 2004.

The longer term outlook for VSE centers on the uncertainty associated with the renewal of the BAV contract. (See discussion in "BAV Contract" below.) The U.S. Navy intends to solicit bids for a new contract in 2004 and BAV will aggressively pursue the award of the new contract. BAV is confident in its ability to win this award and continue work on the ship transfer program; however, the size of this effort will entice other companies to offer strong competition. Accordingly, there can be no assurance that BAV will win the new contract. If BAV fails to win the new contract, VSE will suffer a significant loss of future revenue and profits. To mitigate this risk, VSE is exploring potential acquisition opportunities. The Company intends to continue these efforts in 2004.

Government Procurement Policies and Practices

VSE's business is subject to the risks arising from economic conditions and political factors that may impact the budgets and program funding of customers served through VSE's contracts. VSE's revenues have historically been subject to annual fluctuations resulting from changes in the level of Defense spending. Future budgetary and funding decisions by government lawmakers or Defense restructuring efforts could affect the types and level of services provided by VSE to its government customers and could potentially have a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

The revenues of the Company depend on its ability to win new contracts and on the amount of work ordered by the government under the Company's existing contracts. The Company's ability to win new contracts is affected by government acquisition policies and procedures, including government procurement practices that in some years have tended toward bundling work efforts under large comprehensive ("omnibus") management contracts. This emphasis on large contracts presents challenges to winning new contract work, including making it more difficult for the Company to qualify as a bidder, increasing the level of competition due to the award of fewer contracts, and forcing the Company into
competition with larger organizations that have greater financial resources and larger technical staffs. Competing for these contracts requires the Company to use teams of subcontractors to be able to offer the range of technical competencies needed to do the work. While the use of subcontractors on a large scale basis allows the Company to compete for this work, profit margins on subcontract work are lower than on work performed by Company personnel, thereby reducing the Company's overall profit margins. The use of subcontractors on government contracts also raises certain performance and financial risks to VSE in that government prime contractors are usually obligated to ensure compliance with U.S. Government regulations relative to the performance by subcontractors.

Other government procurement practices that can affect the Company's revenues are the use of past performance criteria that may preclude entrance into new government markets and government social programs that limit contract work to small, woman, or minority owned businesses. Additional risk factors that could potentially affect the Company's results of operations are the government's right to terminate contracts for convenience, the government's right to not exercise all of the option periods on a contract, and funding delays caused by government political or administrative actions.

Beginning in 2004, Section 843 of the Defense Authorization Act will limit the length of contracts awarded by the Defense Department to five years total. The Company is unable to predict what impact this will have on future contract awards and revenues.

BAV Contract

VSE's BAV Division has a contract with the U.S. Navy to provide engineering, technical and logistical support services associated with the sale, lease, or transfer of Navy ships to foreign governments. This cost-plus contract is a ten-year contract awarded in 1995 and has a total ceiling value of over one billion dollars over the life of the contract. Revenues generated by this contract accounted for approximately 54% and 52% of consolidated revenues during the six month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively, and funded backlog was approximately $93 million as of June 30, 2004, as compared to approximately $48 million as of December 31, 2003. Contract terms specify award fee payments to BAV that are determined by performance and level of contract activity. Award fees are made three times during the year and a contract modification authorizing the award fee payment is issued subsequent to the period in which the work is performed. The Company does not recognize award fee income until the contract modification authorizing the award fee is certain. Due to such timing, and to fluctuations in the level of revenues, profits as a percentage of revenues will fluctuate from period to period. As of June 30, 2004, award fee has been recognized for work performed through the award fee period ended April 30, 2004.

The level of revenues and associated profits resulting from fee income generated by this contract varies depending on a number of factors, including the timing of ship transfers and associated support services ordered by foreign governments and economic conditions of potential customers worldwide. The Company has experienced significant quarterly and annual revenue fluctuations and anticipates that future quarterly and annual revenues will be subject to significant variations primarily due to changes in the level of activity on this contract. The U.S. Navy has approved the transfer of four U.S. Navy ships to Taiwan, with work related to this transfer to be performed under the BAV contract. This transfer is expected to result in an increase in the revenues of BAV during the time this work is performed beginning in 2004.

The original BAV contract ending date was in 2005. The Navy recently modified the original contract for the purpose of ensuring continuity of work with respect to the transfer of ships to Taiwan. The modification provided contractual coverage for this specific work effort into 2007. The U.S. Navy has announced that it intends to issue a new contract for the overall ship transfer program through a competitive bidding process that will begin in 2004. BAV does not expect that the Navy will award the new contract until after 2004.
Global Economic Conditions and Political Factors

VSE's business is subject to the risks arising from global economic conditions and political factors associated with current and potential customers served through VSE's contracts with the U.S. Government. An economic slowdown in countries served under the BAV contract or failure by the government of a potential foreign customer to approve and fund acquisition of U.S. Navy ships serviced under the BAV contract could adversely affect sales. In any one year, a significant amount of the Company's revenues may result from sales on the BAV contract to a single foreign government. Revenues in 2004 are expected to include large amounts of BAV contract sales to both Egypt and Taiwan. In addition to the effect on BAV contract work, international tensions can also affect work by FMD on U.S. Navy ships when they are deployed outside of U.S. Navy facilities and are unavailable for maintenance work during this time period. Adverse results arising from these global economic and political risks could potentially have a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations.

Concentration of Revenues (in thousands)
For the six months ended June 30,

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Source of Revenue</th>
<th>2004 Revenues</th>
<th>2004 %</th>
<th>2003 Revenues</th>
<th>2003 %</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>BAV Egypt</td>
<td>$23,996</td>
<td>25%</td>
<td>$20,624</td>
<td>37%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAV Taiwan</td>
<td>$25,411</td>
<td>26%</td>
<td>$3,075</td>
<td>5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>BAV Other</td>
<td>$3,046</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>$5,532</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total BAV</strong></td>
<td><strong>$52,453</strong></td>
<td><strong>54%</strong></td>
<td><strong>$29,231</strong></td>
<td><strong>52%</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>VSE Other</td>
<td>$44,199</td>
<td>46%</td>
<td>$26,599</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total Revenues</strong></td>
<td><strong>$96,652</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
<td><strong>$55,830</strong></td>
<td><strong>100%</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Critical Accounting Policies

VSE's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, which require VSE to make estimates and assumptions. The Company believes the following critical accounting policies affect our more significant judgments, estimates and assumptions used in the preparation of its consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Substantially all of the Company's services are performed for its customers on a contract basis. The three primary types of contracts used are cost-type contracts, time and materials contracts, and fixed-price contracts. Revenues result from work performed on these contracts by the Company's employees and from pass-through of costs for material and work performed by subcontractors.

Revenues on cost-type contracts are recorded as contract allowable costs are incurred and fees earned. Profits on cost-type contracts are equal to the fees that are earned. The BAV contract terms specify award fee payments that are determined by performance and level of contract activity. Award fees are made three times during the year and a contract modification authorizing the award fee payment is issued subsequent to the period in which the work is performed. The Company does not recognize award fee income until the contract modification authorizing the award fee is certain. Due to such timing, and to fluctuations in the level of revenues, profits as a percentage of revenues on this contract will fluctuate from period to period.

Revenues for time and materials contracts are recorded on the basis of contract allowable labor hours worked times the contract defined billing rates, plus the cost of materials used in performance on the contract. Profits on time and material contracts result from the difference between the cost of services
performed and the contract defined billing rates for these services. Revenues on fixed-price service contracts are recorded as services are provided. Revenues on other fixed-price contracts are recorded as costs are incurred, using the percentage-of-completion method of accounting. Profits on fixed-price contracts result from the difference between the incurred costs and the revenue earned.

The Company will occasionally perform work at risk, which is work that is performed prior to the government formalizing funding for such work. Revenue related to work performed at risk is not recognized until it can be reliably estimated and its realization is probable. VSE recognizes this "risk funding" as revenue when the associated costs are incurred or the work is performed. As of June 30, 2004, VSE has recognized approximately $24 thousand in risk funding. VSE believes that it will receive funding for all of this risk funding revenue. VSE is at risk of loss for any risk funding not received. The Company provides for anticipated losses on contracts by a charge to income during the period in which losses are first identified.

Long-Lived Assets

In assessing the recoverability of long-lived assets, including goodwill and other intangibles, VSE must make assumptions regarding estimated future cash flows and other factors to determine the fair value of the respective assets. If these estimates or their related assumptions change in the future, VSE may be required to record impairment charges for these assets not previously recorded.

Goodwill

Goodwill and intangible assets with indefinite lives are subject to a review for impairment at least annually. The Company performs its annual impairment test on September 30. As of June 30, 2004, the Company had approximately $1.1 million of goodwill associated with its acquisition of Energetics in 1995. The Company has not recognized any reduction to the goodwill due to the impairment rules. If at some time in the future it is determined that impairment has occurred, such impairment could potentially have a material adverse impact on the Company's results of operations or financial condition.

Contingencies

From time to time VSE is subject to proceedings, lawsuits and other claims related to environmental, labor and other matters. VSE is required to assess the likelihood of any adverse judgments or outcomes to these contingencies as well as potential ranges of probable losses and establish reserves accordingly. The amount of reserves required may change in future periods due to new developments in each matter or changes in approach to a matter such as a change in settlement strategy.

Income Taxes

The carrying value of VSE net deferred tax assets is based on assumptions regarding VSE's ability to generate sufficient future taxable income to utilize these deferred tax assets. If the estimates and related assumptions regarding VSE's future taxable income change in the future, VSE may be required to record valuation allowances against its deferred tax assets, resulting in additional income tax expense.

Results of Operations

The following table sets forth certain items, including consolidated revenues, pretax income and net income, and the changes in these items for the six month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 (in thousands):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>Compared to 2003</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Three Months</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ended June 30</td>
<td>$54,042</td>
<td>$29,368</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Six Months</td>
<td>$96,652</td>
<td>$55,830</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$24,674</td>
<td>$40,822</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Results of Operations
Revenues increased by approximately 84% and 73% for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2004, respectively, as compared to the same periods of 2003. The primary reasons for the increase in revenues were 1) an increase in work performed under the BAV contract, including increased revenues associated with the Taiwan ship transfer; 2) the CED Rapid Response contract received work orders that generated revenues in 2004, as compared to the prior year when the contract was awarded in February of 2003 and had not yet begun to receive any significant amount of work; and 3) increased levels of work performed by FMD due primarily to the Navy's elevated readiness requirements. Work requirements and revenues also increased in SED and MSD. The loss of revenues associated with the phase out of TTD was not significant in relation to total Company revenues.

Pretax income increased by approximately 91% and 82% for the three month and six month periods ended June 30, 2004, as compared to the same periods of 2003. The increases in pretax income were primarily due to 1) the increases in revenues; 2) higher profit margins in SED, FMD, and Energetics attributable in part to the revenue growth and the Company's ability to spread corporate costs over a larger revenue base; and 3) the elimination of any significant losses in TTD in 2004 as compared to TTD pretax losses of approximately $30 thousand and $190 thousand in the three and six month periods ended June 30, 2003. The increase in pretax income for the six month period was partially offset by losses incurred on the CED Rapid Response support contract and by an increase in selling, general and administrative expenses primarily attributable to costs associated with vacant facilities.

VSE's financial condition did not change materially during the six months ended June 30, 2004. The Company's largest assets are its cash and cash equivalents and its accounts receivable. The largest liabilities are its accounts payable and accrued expenses. Cash and cash equivalents decreased approximately $2.9 million, accounts receivable increased approximately $16.1 million, and accounts payable increased approximately $13 million during the first six months of 2004 due primarily to the increase in the level of business activity and the associated billings to customers and subcontractor payments required to perform this work. The change in total stockholders' investment in this period resulted primarily from earnings and dividend activity and from the exercise of stock options.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Cash Flows

Cash and cash equivalents decreased by approximately $2.9 million during the six months ended June 30, 2004. The decrease in cash and cash equivalents during this period resulted from cash used in investing activities of approximately $1.8 million, cash used in operating activities of approximately $1 million, and cash used in financing activities of approximately $85 thousand. Investing activities consisted of expansion and improvement of facilities of approximately $669 thousand and purchases of property and equipment, net of dispositions, of approximately $1.1 million. Financing activities consisted of dividend payments and proceeds received from the issuance of common stock.

Cash and cash equivalents increased by approximately $3.3 million during the six months ended June 30, 2003. The increase in cash and cash equivalents during this period resulted from cash provided by operating activities of approximately $3.8 million, cash used in investing activities of approximately $382 thousand, and cash used in financing activities of approximately $144 thousand. Investing activities consisted of purchases of property and equipment, net of
Financing activities consisted of dividend payments and proceeds received from the issuance of common stock.

The difference between cash used in operating activities of approximately $1 million in 2004 as compared to cash provided by operating activities of approximately $3.8 million in 2003 is primarily due to changes in the levels of accounts receivable and accounts payable resulting from increases in revenue and associated subcontractor activity.

Quarterly cash dividends at the rate of $.04 per share were paid during the six months ended June 30, 2004. The Board of Directors of VSE declared an increase in the quarterly cash dividend on the Company's common stock to a rate of $.05 per share effective with the dividend to be paid on August 18, 2004. Under its bank loan agreement, VSE's payment of cash dividends is subject to a maximum annual rate. VSE has paid cash dividends each year since 1973.

Liquidity

VSE's external sources of liquidity consist of a revolving bank loan agreement that provides loan financing based on the Company's accounts receivable (see "Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements"). The bank financing complements the internal sources of liquidity by providing increasing levels of borrowing capacity as accounts receivable levels increase. The bank loan agreement provided loan financing up to a maximum commitment of $15 million as of June 30, 2004. The Company has determined that the $15 million commitment is adequate to cover current and future liquidity requirements. The Company has not borrowed against this loan in 2004 or 2003. Performance of work under the BAV contract has the potential to cause substantial requirements for working capital; however, management believes that current cash surpluses, cash flows from future operations, and the bank loan commitment are adequate to meet current operating cash requirements.

Inflation and Pricing
Most of the contracts performed by VSE provide for estimates of future labor costs to be escalated for any option periods provided by the contracts, while the non-labor costs included in such contracts are normally considered reimbursable at cost. VSE property and equipment consists principally of computer systems equipment, furniture and fixtures, and land and improvements. The overall impact of inflation on replacement costs of such property and equipment is not expected to be material to VSE's future results of operations or financial condition.

Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rates

VSE's bank loan financing provides available borrowing to the Company at variable interest rates. The Company has not borrowed significant amounts on the loan in recent years. Accordingly, the Company does not believe that any movement in interest rates would have a material impact on future earnings or cash flows. If VSE were to significantly increase borrowings on the current loan arrangement, future interest rate changes could potentially have a material impact.

Foreign Currency

While a significant amount of the Company's business results from the services provided by BAV related to the transfer of ships to foreign governments, the BAV contract payments are made by the U.S. Government in U.S. dollars. Additionally, most funding requirements to support work performed or services purchased in foreign countries are made in U.S. dollars, and the infrequent disbursements that are made in foreign currencies are reimbursable to BAV in post conversion dollars. Foreign currency transactions of other VSE divisions or subsidiaries are virtually non-existent. Accordingly, the Company does not believe that it is exposed to any material foreign currency risk.

VSE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risks


Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Based on their most recent evaluation, which was completed as of June 30, 2004, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer believe the Company's disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Rules 13a-14 and 15d-14) are effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company's management, including its principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, allows timely decisions regarding required disclosure. There were no significant changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting or other factors that could significantly affect these controls subsequent to the date of their evaluation and there were no corrective actions with regard to significant deficiencies and material weaknesses.

PART II. Other Information

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
The 2004 annual meeting of the Company's stockholders was held on May 3, 2004 for the following purposes:

1. To elect eight directors to serve until the next annual meeting of stockholders and until their successors are duly elected and qualified;

2. To ratify the appointment of Ernst & Young LLP as VSE's independent certified public accountants for the year ending December 31, 2004;

3. To approve the adoption of the VSE 2004 Stock Option Plan; and

4. To approve the adoption of the VSE 2004 Directors Stock Plan.

All of the Company's eight nominees as directors were elected, and the other three matters referenced above were approved by the stockholders. The voting results were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nominee</th>
<th>Shares Voted</th>
<th>Withhold/ Broker</th>
<th>For</th>
<th>Against</th>
<th>Abstain</th>
<th>Non-Votes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Donald M. Ervine</td>
<td>1,967,735</td>
<td>-- 15,990</td>
<td>113,348</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robert J. Kelly</td>
<td>1,973,945</td>
<td>-- 9,780</td>
<td>113,348</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Clifford M. Kendall</td>
<td>1,973,945</td>
<td>-- 9,780</td>
<td>113,348</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Calvin S. Koonce</td>
<td>1,973,945</td>
<td>-- 9,780</td>
<td>113,348</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>James F. Lafond</td>
<td>1,973,945</td>
<td>-- 9,780</td>
<td>113,348</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>David M. Osnos</td>
<td>1,973,945</td>
<td>-- 9,780</td>
<td>113,348</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jimmy D. Ross</td>
<td>1,973,945</td>
<td>-- 9,780</td>
<td>113,348</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bonnie K. Wachtel</td>
<td>1,973,945</td>
<td>-- 9,780</td>
<td>113,348</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2. Ernst & Young LLP appointment 1,956,874 13,168 1,578 113,348

3. Approve 2004 Stock Option Plan 1,471,787 118,723 1,828 497,686

4. Approve Directors Stock Plan 1,499,377 89,011 17,774 497,686

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

(a) Exhibits.

Exhibit No.

10.1 Employment Agreement dated as of July 1, 2004, by and between VSE Corporation and Thomas R. Loftus

31.1 Section 302 CEO Certification

31.2 Section 302 CFO and PAO Certification

32.1 Section 906 CEO Certification

32.2 Section 906 CFO and PAO Certification

(b) Reports on Form 8-K.

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has omitted all other items contained in "Part II. Other Information" because such other items are not applicable or are not required if the answer is negative or because the information required to be reported therein has been previously reported.

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VSE CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

VSE CORPORATION

Date: July 30, 2004    /s/ D. M. Ervine

D. M. Ervine
Chairman, President,
Chief Executive Officer and
Chief Operating Officer
This Employment Agreement is made and entered into as of July 1, 2004, by and between VSE Corporation, a Delaware corporation ("Employer"), and Thomas R. Loftus ("Employee");

WHEREAS, Employee currently is employed by Employer as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer,

WHEREAS, Employee has rendered many years of good and valuable service to the Employer and has contributed greatly to Employer's growth and success;

WHEREAS, Employer wishes to induce Employee to remain in Employer's employ to prevent the significant loss which Employer would incur if Employee were to leave and to enter the employment of a competitor;

WHEREAS, in the current business climate of takeovers and acquisitions, Employee may be concerned about the continuation of his employment and his status and responsibilities if a Change in Control (as defined below) occurs, and Employer is concerned that Employee may be approached by others with employment opportunities;

WHEREAS, Employer desires to ensure that, if a Change in Control appears possible, Employee will be in a secure position from which to objectively engage in any potential deliberations or negotiations respecting such Change in Control without fear of any direct or implied threat to employment, status and responsibilities; and

WHEREAS, Employee desires to have the foregoing assurances;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual promises contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the adequacy of which is hereby acknowledged, Employer and Employee, each intending to be legally bound, agree as follows:

1. Term. The term of Employee's employment hereunder shall commence on the date hereof and shall continue until December 31, 2006, except as otherwise provided in Section 7. If the term of Employee's employment hereunder shall have continued until December 31, 2006, thereafter, such term of Employee's employment hereunder shall be deemed to be renewed automatically, on the same terms and conditions contained herein, for successive periods of one year each, unless and until Employee or the Employer, at least 90 days prior to the expiration of the original term or any such extended term, shall give written notice to the Employer of intent not to renew the term of Employee's employment hereunder. All references herein to the "Term" refer to the original term of Employee's employment hereunder and all extensions thereof.

2. Duties

(a) Offices

During the Term, Employee shall serve as Employer's Chief Financial Officer or in a comparable or higher management position. Employer agrees that Employee will be assigned only duties of the type, nature and dignity normally assigned to Senior Vice Presidents of a corporation of the size, stature and nature of Employer. During the Term, Employee shall have, at a minimum, the same perquisites of office as he had on the date hereof, and he shall report to the president and chief executive officer, or to such other officer as the Employer shall designate, or as the Bylaws of the Employer
shall otherwise require.

(b) Full-Time Basis

During the Term, Employee shall devote, on a full-time basis, his services, skills and abilities to his employment hereunder, excepting periods of vacation, illness or Disability (as defined below), and excepting any pursuits which do not materially interfere with duties hereunder or present a conflict of interest with the interests of Employer or of any subsidiary thereof ("Subsidiary").

3. Compensation

(a) Salary

During the Term, as compensation for services rendered by Employee hereunder, Employer shall pay to Employee a base salary at the rate of not less than his current annual rate, payable in installments in accordance with Employer's policy governing salary payments to senior officers generally ("Base Salary"). Effective January 1 of every year during the Term, or on such other annual date as shall be determined by the Employer, Employee's compensation, including Base Salary, will be subject to review.

(b) Performance Bonus

Except as otherwise provided in Section 7, in addition to the Base Salary, Employee shall be eligible for an annual performance bonus as determined by the Board or its Compensation Committee ("Performance Bonus"). Any Performance Bonus payable pursuant to this Section 3(b) shall be paid within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year to which such Performance Bonus relates.

(c) Other Compensation Plans or Arrangements

During the Term, Employee shall also be eligible to participate in all other currently existing or subsequently implemented compensation or benefit plans or arrangements available generally to other officers or senior officers of Employer, including Employer's "Deferred Supplemental Compensation Plan," ESOP/401(k), and any stock grant, stock option, stock purchase or similar stock plans or arrangements.

(d) Tax Withholdings

Employer shall withhold from Employee's compensation hereunder and pay over to the appropriate governmental agencies all payroll taxes, including income, social security, and unemployment compensation taxes, required by the federal, state and local governments with jurisdiction over Employer.

4. Benefits. During the Term, Employee shall be entitled to such comparable fringe benefits and perquisites as may be provided to any or all of Employer's officers pursuant to policies established from time to time by the Board. These fringe benefits and perquisites may include holidays, paid vacation, group health insurance, short-term and long-term disability insurance, and life insurance.

5. Expenses and Other Perquisites. Employer shall reimburse Employee for all reasonable and proper business expenses
incurred by him during the Term in the performance of his duties hereunder, in accordance with Employer's customary practices for senior officers, and provided such business expenses are reasonably documented. Also, during the Term, Employer shall continue to provide Employee with an office and suitable office fixtures, telephone services, and secretarial assistance of a nature appropriate to Employee's position and status.

6. Exclusive Services, Confidential Information, Business Opportunities and Non-Solicitation

(a) Exclusive Services

(i) During the Term, Employee shall at all times devote his full-time attention, energies, efforts and skills to Employer's business and shall not, directly or indirectly, engage in any other business activity, whether or not for profit, gain or other pecuniary advantages, without the Board's written consent provided that such prior consent shall not be required with respect to (1) business interests that neither compete with Employer or any Subsidiaries nor interfere with Employee's duties and obligations hereunder, and (2) Employee's charitable, eleemosynary, philanthropic or professional association activities.

(ii) During the Term, Employee shall not, without the Board's prior written consent, directly or indirectly, either as an officer, director, employee, agent, advisor, consultant, principal, stockholder, partner, owner or in any other capacity, on Employee's own behalf or otherwise, in any way engage in, represent, be connected with or have a financial interest in, any business which is, or to his knowledge, is about to become, engaged in the business of providing engineering, management, energy or environmental services to the United States Government or any department, agency, or instrumentality thereof or any state or local governmental agency or to any person, corporation or other entity (collectively a "Person") with which Employer or any Subsidiary is currently or has previously done business or any subsequent line of business developed by Employee or any Subsidiary during the term. Notwithstanding the foregoing, Employee shall be permitted to own passive investments in publicly held companies provided that such investments do not exceed five percent of any such company's outstanding equity.

(b) Confidential Information

During the Term and for the first 24 consecutive months after the termination of the Term, Employee shall not disclose or use, directly or indirectly, any Confidential Information (as defined below). For the purposes of this Agreement, "Confidential Information" shall mean all information disclosed to Employee, or known by him as a consequence of or through his employment with Employer or any Subsidiary, where such information is not generally known in the trade or industry or was regarded or treated as confidential by Employer or any Subsidiary, and where such information refers or relates in any manner whatsoever to the business activities, processes, services or products of Employer or its Subsidiaries. Confidential
Information shall include business and development plans (whether contemplated, initiated or completed), information with respect to the development of technical and management services, business contacts, methods of operation, results of analysis, business forecasts, financial data, costs, revenues, and similar information. Upon termination of Term, Employee shall immediately return to Employer all of property of Employer or any Subsidiary and Confidential Information which is in tangible form, and all copies thereof.

(c) Business Opportunities

(i) During the Term, Employee shall promptly disclose to Employer each business opportunity of a type which, based upon its prospects and relationship to the existing businesses of Employer or any Subsidiary, Employer or any Subsidiary might reasonably consider pursuing. Upon termination of the Term, regardless of the circumstances thereof, Employer shall have the exclusive right to participate in or undertake any such opportunity on its own behalf without any involvement of Employee.

(ii) During the Term, Employee shall refrain from engaging in any activity, practice or act which conflicts with, or has the potential to conflict with, the interests of Employer or its Subsidiaries, and he shall avoid any acts or omissions which are disloyal to, or competitive with Employer or its Subsidiaries.

(d) Non-Solicitation of Employees

During the Term and for the first 24 consecutive months after termination of the Term, Employee shall not, except in the course of duties hereunder, directly or indirectly, induce or attempt to induce or otherwise counsel, advise, ask or encourage any person to leave the employ of Employer or any Subsidiary, or solicit or offer employment to any person who was employed by Employer or any Subsidiary at any time during the twelve-month period preceding the solicitation or offer.

(e) Covenant Not To Compete

(i) During the period of his employment and for a one (1) year period commencing with the effective date of the termination of Employee's employment with the Company for any reason and under any circumstances, Employee shall not, without the prior written consent of the Company, alone or with others, whether as an owner, stockholder, partner, lender, investor, employee, consultant, contractor, subcontractor or in any other capacity, directly or indirectly: (a) engage, within a fifty (50) mile radius of any office of the Company, in any business activity that is competitive with the business of the Company or otherwise in conflict with or contrary to the interests of the Company, including without limitation, the business of performing engineering and management services for the United States Government, all as such businesses and services are more particularly described in the then most recent "VSE Corporation Annual Report", (b) solicit any person or entity who then is or was at any
time during Employee's employment, a customer of the Company (including without limitation any person or entity who was at any time during Employee's employment solicited to be a customer of the Company where Employee was directly or indirectly involved in such solicitation) to cease doing business as to curtail business with the Company, or (c) solicit any person who then is or was in the preceding six (6) months an employee or independent contractor of the Company to end his or her relationship with the Company or to work for any other person or entity as an employee or independent contractor.

(ii) For purposes of this Agreement, Employee shall be deemed to engage in competition with Employer if he shall directly or indirectly, either individually or as a stockholder, director, officer, partner, consultant, owner, employee, agent, or in any other capacity, consult with or otherwise assist any person or entity engaged in providing technical and management services to any person or entity which Employer or any Subsidiary, during the Term, has developed or is working to develop. Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, if Employer is in material breach of this Agreement, the provisions of this Section 6 shall not apply.

(f) Employee Acknowledgment

Employee hereby agrees and acknowledges that the restrictions imposed upon by the provisions of this Section 6 are fair and reasonable considering the nature of Employer's business, and are reasonably required for Employer's protection.

(g) Invalidity

If a court of competent jurisdiction or an arbitrator shall declare any provision or restriction contained in this Section 6 as unenforceable or void, the provisions of this Section 6 shall remain in full force and effect to the extent not so declared to be unenforceable or void, and the court may modify the invalid provision to make it enforceable to the maximum extent permitted by law.

(h) Specific Performance

Employee agrees that if Employee breaches any of the provisions of this Section 6, the remedies available at law to Employer would be inadequate and in lieu thereof, or in addition thereto, Employer shall be entitled to appropriate equitable remedies, including specific performance and injunctive relief. Employee agrees not to enter into any agreement, either written or oral, which may conflict with this Agreement, and Employee authorizes Employer to make known the terms of Sections 6 and 7 hereof to any Person, including future employers of Employee.

Termination

(a) By Employer
(i) Termination for Cause

Employer may for Cause (as defined below) terminate the Term at any time by written notice to Employee. For purposes of this Agreement, the term "Cause" shall mean any one or more of the following: (1) conduct by Employee which is materially illegal or fraudulent or contrary to Company policy; (2) the breach or violation by Employee of any of the material provisions of this Agreement, provided that Employee must first be given notice by the President or the Board of the alleged breach or violation and 30 days to cure said breach or violation; (3) Employee's use of illegal drugs or abuse of alcohol or authorized drugs which impairs Employee's ability to perform duties hereunder, provided that Employee must be given notice by the President/CEO of such impairment and 60 days to cure the impairment; (4) Employee's knowing and willful neglect of duties or negligence in the performance of duties which materially affects Employer's or any Subsidiary's business, provided that Employee must first be given notice by the President/CEO or the Board of such alleged neglect or negligence and 30 days to cure said alleged neglect or negligence. If a termination occurs pursuant to clause (1) above, the date on which the Term is terminated (the "Termination Date") shall be the date Employee receives notice of termination and, if a termination occurs pursuant to clauses (2), (3) or (4) above, the Termination Date shall be the date on which the specified cure period expires. In any event, as of the Termination Date (in the absence of satisfying the alleged breach or violation within the applicable cure period), Employee shall be relieved of all duties hereunder and Employee shall not be entitled to the accrual or provision of any compensation or benefit, after the Termination Date but Employee shall be entitled to the provision of all compensation and other benefits that shall have accrued as of the Termination Date, including Base Salary, Performance Bonuses, paid leave benefits, Deferred Compensation Units, Deferred Supplemental Compensation to the extent permitted by the plans, and reimbursement of incurred business expenses.

(ii) Termination Without Cause

Employer may, in its sole discretion, without Cause, terminate the Term at any time by providing Employee with (a) 60 days' prior notice thereof and (b) on or prior to the Termination Date, a lump sum severance compensation payment equal to one (1) times the total amount of Employee's Annual Base Salary payable hereunder, based upon the amount in effect as of the effective Termination Date. In such event, Employee shall not be entitled to the accrual or provision of any other compensation or benefit after the Termination Date other than (a) the medical and hospitalization benefits for the first 18 months after the Termination Date or longer if permitted under Employer's policies.
and procedures; (b) the provision of all compensation and other benefits that shall have accrued as of the Termination Date, including Base Salary, Performance Bonus, paid leave benefits, Deferred Compensation Units, Deferred Supplemental Compensation and reimbursements of incurred expenses; and (c) all stock options or similar rights to acquire capital stock granted by Employer to Employee shall automatically become vested and exercisable in whole or in part. It is understood and agreed that the expiration or non-renewal of the Term by Employer shall not be considered a termination without Cause for the purposes of this Agreement.

(b) Death or Disability

The Term shall be terminated immediately and automatically upon Employee's death or "Disability." The term "Disability" shall mean Employee's inability to perform all of the essential functions of his position hereunder for a period of 26 consecutive weeks or for an aggregate of 150 work days during any 12-month period by reason of illness, accident or any other physical or mental incapacity, as may be permitted by applicable law. Employee's capability to continue performance of Employee's duties hereunder shall be determined by a panel composed of two independent medical doctors appointed by the Board and one appointed by the Employee or designated representative. If the panel is unable to reach a decision, the matter will be referred to arbitration in accordance with Section 8. In the event of Employee's death or Disability for any period of six consecutive months, Employee (or designated beneficiary) will be paid his Base Salary then in effect for one full year following the date of death or disability.

(c) By Employee

(i) Employee may, in his sole discretion, without cause, terminate the Term at any time upon 60 days' written notice to Employer. If Employee exercises such termination right, Employer may, at its option, at any time after receiving such notice from Employee, relieve Employee of all duties and terminate the Term at any time prior to the expiration of said notice period, it being understood that such termination would not be considered a termination without Cause pursuant to Section 7(a)(ii) above. If the Term is terminated by Employee or Employer pursuant to this Section 7(c)(i), Employee shall not be entitled to any further Base Salary or the accrual or provision of any compensation or benefits after the Termination Date, except standard medical and hospitalization benefits in accordance with Employer's policy.

(ii) If, during the Term, a Change of Control (as defined below) occurs, Employee may, in his sole discretion, terminate the Term upon 30 days' notice to Employer. If Employee exercises such termination right, Employer may, at its option, at any time after receiving such notice from Employee, relieve Employee of all duties hereunder and terminate the Term at any time prior to the expiration of said notice period, and such termination
shall not be considered a termination without Cause pursuant to Section 7(a)(ii) above. However, if this Agreement is terminated by Employee or Employer pursuant to this Section 7(c)(ii), Employee shall be entitled to (a) payment on or prior to the Termination Date of a lump sum severance compensation payment equal to one (1) times the total amount of Employee's Annual Base Salary payable hereunder, based on the amount in effect as of the Termination Date; (b) continue the medical and hospitalization benefits in accordance with Employer's policy and to payment of all compensation and other benefits that shall have accrued as of the Termination Date, as described in Section 7(a)(ii)(l); and (c) to the automatic vesting and exercisability in whole or in part of all stock options or similar rights to acquire capital stock granted by Employer to Employee; provided that Employee shall not be entitled, after the Termination Date to the accrual or provision of any other compensation payable hereunder, including the Performance Bonus.

(d) Change of Control

For purposes of this Section 7, a "Change of Control" shall be deemed to have occurred upon the happening of any of the following events:

(i) any "person," including a "group," as such terms as defined in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules promulgated thereunder (collectively the "Exchange Act"), other than a trustee or other fiduciary holding voting securities of Employer ("Voting Securities") under any Employer-sponsored benefit plan, becomes the beneficial owner, as defined under the Exchange Act, directly or indirectly, whether by purchase or acquisition or agreement to act in concert or otherwise, of 30% or more of the outstanding Voting Securities;

(ii) a cash tender or exchange offer is completed for such amount of Voting Securities which, together with the Voting Securities then beneficially owned, directly or indirectly, by the offeror (and affiliates thereof) constitutes 40% or more of the outstanding Voting Securities;

(iii) except in the case of a merger or consolidation in which (a) Employer is the surviving corporation and (b) the holders of Voting Securities immediately prior to such merger or consolidation beneficially own, directly or indirectly, more than 50% of the outstanding Voting Securities immediately after such merger or consolidation (there being excluded from the number of Voting Securities held by such holders, but not from the outstanding Voting Securities, any Voting Securities received by affiliates of the other constituent corporation(s) in the merger or consolidation in exchange for stock of such other corporation), Employer's shareholders approve an agreement to merge, consolidate, liquidate, or sell all or substantially all of Employer's assets; or
(iv) two or more directors are elected to the Board without having previously been nominated and approved by the members of the Board incumbent on the day immediately preceding such election. For purposes of this Section 7, "affiliate" of a person or another entity shall mean a person or other entity that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the person or other entity specified.

(e) No Duty to Mitigate

If Employee is entitled to the compensation and other benefits provided under Sections 7(a)(ii) or (c)(ii), Employee shall have no obligation to seek employment to mitigate damages hereunder.

8. Arbitration. Whenever a dispute arises between the parties concerning this Agreement or any of the obligations hereunder, or Employee's employment generally, Employer and Employee shall use their best efforts to resolve the dispute by mutual agreement. If any dispute cannot be resolved by Employer and Employee, it shall be submitted to arbitration to the exclusion of all other avenues of relief and adjudicated pursuant to the American Arbitration Association's Rules for Employment Dispute Resolution then in effect. The decision of the arbitrator must be in writing and shall be final and binding on the parties, and judgment may be entered on the arbitrator's award in any court having jurisdiction thereof. The arbitrator's authority in granting relief to Employee shall be limited to an award of compensation, benefits and unreimbursed expenses as described in Sections 3, 4, and 5 above, and to the release of Employee from the provisions of Section 6 and the arbitrator shall have no authority to award other types of damages or relief to Employee, including consequential or punitive damages. The arbitrator shall also have no authority to award consequential or punitive damages to Employer for violations of this Agreement by Employee. The expenses of the arbitration shall be borne by the losing party to the arbitration and the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover from the losing party all of its own costs and attorneys' fees with respect to the arbitration. Nothing in this Section 8 shall be construed to derogate Employer's rights to seek legal and equitable relief in a court of competent jurisdiction as contemplated by Section 6(h).

9. Non-Waiver. It is understood and agreed that one party's failure at any time to require the performance by the other party of any of the terms, provisions, covenants or conditions hereof shall in no way affect the first party's right thereafter to enforce the same, nor shall the waiver by either party of the breach of any term, provision, covenant or condition hereof be taken or held to be a waiver of any succeeding breach.

10. Severability. If any provision of this Agreement conflicts with the law under which this Agreement is to be construed, or if any such provision is held invalid or unenforceable by a court of competent jurisdiction or any arbitrator, such provision shall be deleted from this Agreement and the Agreement shall be construed to give full effect to the remaining provision thereof.

11. Survivability. Unless otherwise provided herein, upon termination of the Term, the provisions of Sections 6(b), (d) and (e) shall nevertheless remain in full force and effect.

12. Governing Law. This Agreement shall be interpreted,
construed and governed according to the laws of the Commonwealth of Virginia, without regard to the conflict of law provisions thereof.

13. Construction. The paragraph headings and captions contained in this Agreement are for convenience only and shall not be construed to define, limit or affect the scope or meaning of the provisions hereof. All references herein to Sections shall be deemed to refer to Sections of this Agreement.

14. Entire Agreement. This Agreement contains and represents the entire agreement of Employer and Employee and supersedes all prior agreements, representations or understandings, oral or written, express or implied with respect to the subject matter hereof. This Agreement may not be modified or amended in any way unless in writing signed by each of Employer and Employee. No representation, promise or inducement has been made by either Employer or Employee that is not embodied in this Agreement, and neither Employer nor Employee shall be bound by or liable for any alleged representation, promise or inducement not specifically set forth herein.

15. Assignability. Neither this Agreement nor any rights or obligations of Employer or Employee hereunder may be assigned by Employer or Employee without the other party's prior written consent. Subject to the foregoing, this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of Employer and Employee and their heirs, successors and assigns.

16. Notices. All notices required or permitted hereunder shall be in writing and shall be deemed properly given if delivered personally or sent by certified or registered mail, postage prepaid, return receipt requested, or sent by telegram, telex, telecopy or similar form of telecommunication, and shall be deemed to have been given when received. Any such notice or communication shall be addressed: (a) if to Employer, to Chief Executive Officer, c/o VSE Corporation, 2550 Huntington Avenue, Alexandria, Virginia 22303-1499 or (b) if to Employee, to the last known home address on file with Employer, or to such other address as Employer or Employee shall have furnished to the other in writing.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have duly executed this Agreement, to be effective as of the day and year first above written.

VSE CORPORATION
a Delaware corporation

Date: July 1, 2004                By:    /s/ D. M. Ervine
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D. M. Ervine
Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Date: July 1, 2004                By:    /s/ Thomas R. Loftus
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Thomas R. Loftus
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULE 13A-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, D. M. Ervine, Chairman, President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer of the Company, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of VSE Corporation (the "Registrant");

2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the Registrant and we have:

   (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

   (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and

   (c) disclosed in this quarterly report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of Registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

   (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: July 30, 2004

/s/ D. M. Ervine

D. M. Ervine
Chairman, President,
Chief Executive Officer and
Chief Operating Officer
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
RULE 13A-14 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, T. R. Loftus, Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of VSE Corporation (the "Registrant");

2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;

4. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the Registrant and we have:

   (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the Registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

   (b) evaluated the effectiveness of the Registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and

   (c) disclosed in this quarterly report any change in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the Registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the Registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The Registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation, to the Registrant's auditors and the audit committee of Registrant's Board of Directors (or persons performing the equivalent function):

   (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

   (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the Registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: July 30, 2004                     /s/ T. R. Loftus

T. R. Loftus
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 1350, CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, as Chairman, President, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Operating Officer of VSE Corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify that to the best of the undersigned's knowledge:

1) the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending June 30, 2004 (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2) the information contained in the Company's Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: July 30, 2004

___________________________
/s/ D. M. Ervine

D. M. Ervine
Chairman, President,
Chief Executive Officer and
Chief Operating Officer
CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO
SECTION 1350, CHAPTER 63 OF TITLE 18, UNITED STATES CODE,
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

Pursuant to Section 1350, Chapter 63 of Title 18, United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, as Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer of VSE Corporation (the "Company"), does hereby certify that to the best of the undersigned's knowledge:

1) the Company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ending June 30, 2004 (the "Report"), fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

2) the information contained in the Company's Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: July 30, 2004

/s/ T. R. Loftus

T. R. Loftus
Senior Vice President and
Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Accounting Officer)